# Nature of Start-up Ecosystems in the Slovak and Czech Cities: Evolution, Growth and Culture

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#### Introduction

- Object of the research: city, start-up ecosystem, territorial factors
- Focus: the factors of the startup ecosystem formation
- Conceptual and robust research applied to different location Bratislava, Košice, Žilina, Prague, Brno, Ostrava
- Examples: Pittsburg city and The Boulder thesis

## Pittsburgh city

- Size of the city: being the "right size"
- Significant local financial base
- Strong university involvement in the ecosystem
- Government involvement

#### Boulder thesis – Start-up ecosystem

- Entrepreneurs must lead the start-up community.
- Leaders must have a long-term commitment.
- Anyone with any kind of professional background can join the startup community.
- The main task of the start-up community is to create an environment for its members to gather and network with business.

## Start-up definition

- Company in early stage (usually first 5 years)
- Highly innovative product,
- Extreme growth potential and global ambitions,
- Scalable and repeatable business model,
- Limited financial resources, external forms of capital especially during early stage,
- International network and public recognition,
- Active member of local or national ecosystem.

## The Basic Elements of Start-up companies

- potential to grow fast (global ambitions),
- initial stages of formation of companies and development of products are financed by the outside capital,
- flexible and repeatable business model (scalability),
- newly developed or innovative product which observes mostly unmet needs,
- team spirit, creativity and corporate culture represent the basic values of the company.

# Attributes of Entrepreneurial Ecosystem (Feld 2012)

- Leadership strong group of entrepreneurs
- Intermediaries well respected mentors and advisors across the whole ecosystem
- Network density well connected environment
- Government strong support
- Talent employees in all sectors of expertise
- Support services available professional services for appropriate price
- Engagement opportunities to connect through various events
- Companies companies should encourage cooperation with high-growth start-ups
- Capital support of venture capitalist and other investors

## Methodology

- Based on interviews
- Sample: 12 respondents (incubator team members, accelerator team members, start-up entrepreneurs and freelancers, institutional investors and venture capitalists, university science park team members)
- Representatives of communities in individual local start-up ecosystems
- Case studies of Bratislava, Žilina, Košice
- Comparison of ecosystems : Bratislava Prague, Košice Ostrava, Žilina – Brno

## Researched factors

- Leadership
- Entrepreneurial culture
- Duality in the ecosystem
- Formal institution engagement universities, research labs
- Community engagement
- Competition, inclusiveness
- Mobility of talents
- City and places involvement of mentors, ...

#### Research questions

RQ1: Are there any differences between individual ecosystems of Slovak start-up centres in respect to their previous history?

RQ2: What knowledge base is dominant in the Slovak start-up centres? Are the start-up companies and local ecosystems in Slovakia formed in the business or academic environments?

#### Researched cities

- Capital cities : Bratislava Prague
- Cities with different size and characteristics : Bratislava Košice, Prague - Brno
- Same size and same characteristics:
  - Košice Ostrava
  - Žilina Brno

#### Bratislava

 "The fact that start-ups have become a part of culture and lifestyle is normal. However, regarding the number of mentors and potential partners as well as the size of our community, it is still more and more difficult to keep a track of what is going on and who is who. When you come to a co-working centre, you will find people with headphones in their ears who do not want to be disturbed " (Jaro – venture capitalist).

### Košice

 "Košice is a small town where everyone knows everyone. If you need help with something, you usually know somebody who can help you or someone who knows the right people to help you. It does not matter whether you want to open a restaurant or found a start-up, people help each other, they are friendly and sincere"

(Marek – start-upist – hardware developer)

#### Start-up environment in Bratislava - Košice



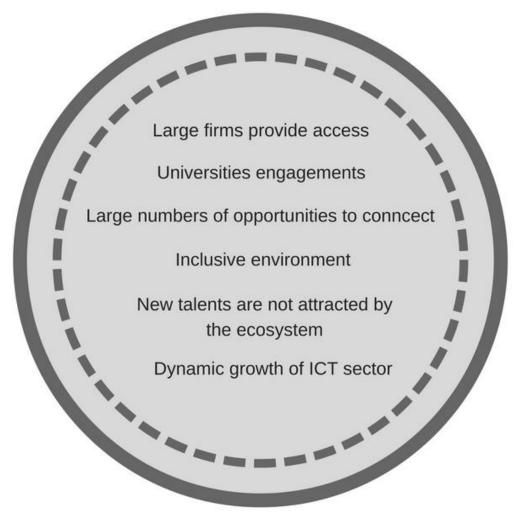
## Start-up environment in capital cities Bratislava - Prague



Bratislava - Prague

- Capital cities
- Concentration of important businesses and entrepreneurs
- International environment
- Strategic position of city airport, government...
- Capital city matters, if it is dominating the (smaller) country, one dominant centre

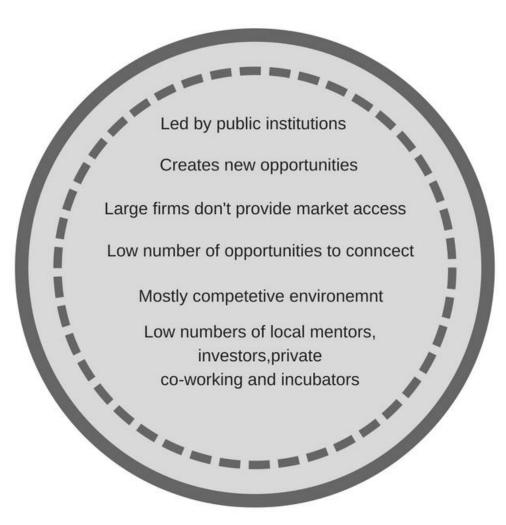
#### Start-up environment in Košice – Ostrava



#### Košice – Ostrava

- Similar size of the city (Košice 248,8 km<sup>2</sup>, Ostrava 214,23 km<sup>2</sup>)
- Similar size of population (Košice 239 332, Ostrava 295 653)
- Steel industry (Košice U.S. Steel Košice, Ostrava Vítkovické železiarne)
- Old industries and IT, technological evolution, Technical unversity etc.
- Start-ups are more IT or technology focused
- Technology trajectory matters
- City context forms the ecosystem

## Start-up environment in Žilina - Brno



## Žilina – Brno

- Industry has a huge impact in both cities
  - Technological park in both cities
  - University-industry interconnection
  - More entrepreneurial universities historically, willing to work together with innovative companies + European funding utilized
- CEIT
- South Moravian Innovation Centre

#### Conclusions

- We can distinguish 3 types of ecosystems:
  - Capital cities
  - Ecosystems led by universities
  - Ecosystems led by growth of ICT sector
- Capital cities large amount of opportunities because of size and concentration of important intuitions and people
- "University cities" shape the ecosystem and provide opportunities for its students
- Areas where ICT sector is developed concentration of large companies that provide access to different markets (with international impact)

## Thank you for your attention.

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